

Lecture Notes in Computer Science: Authors' Instructions for the Preparation of Camera-Ready Contributions to LNCS/LNAI/LNBI Proceedings (WITCOM TEMPLATE 2017)

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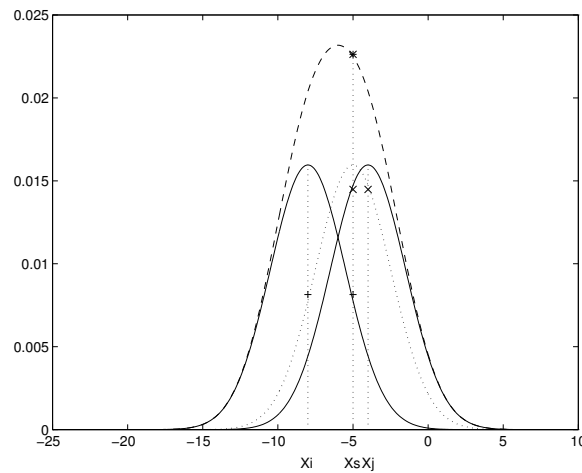


Fig. 1. One kernel at x_s (*dotted kernel*) or two kernels at x_i and x_j (*left and right*) lead to the same summed estimate at x_s . This shows a figure consisting of different types of lines. Elements of the figure described in the caption should be set in italics, in parentheses, as shown in this sample caption.

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Through the performance of many simulations, we obtained the following results: Fig. 2 (WITCOM TEMPLATE 2017).....

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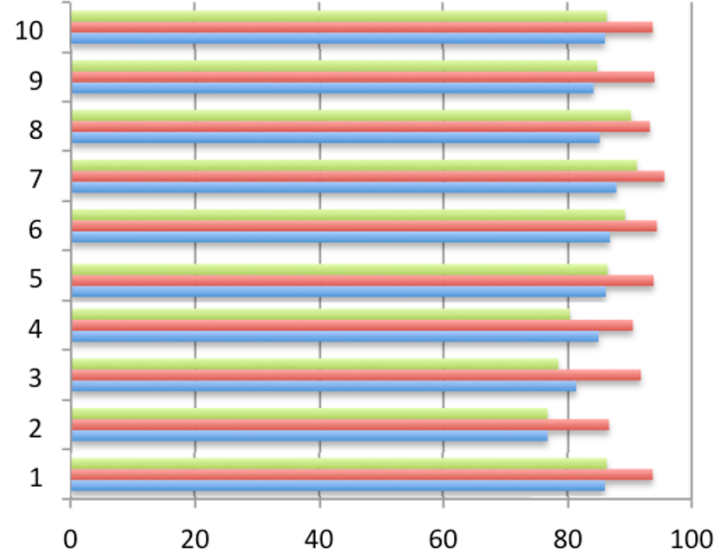


Fig. 2. a) Cluster formation time, b) Energy Consumption for 5 nodes network, $PeP_{max}=PeN_{max}=0.5$.

Table 1. System parameters

Parameter	Value
Area	100 square meters
Nodes (network)	15, 10, 20, 70
Value of X	0.1, 0.2, 0.5
Value of Y	0.01
Energy consumption	$E_r = 0.012$ units, $E_t = 0.013$ units
Value of λ and μ	0.7, 0.7

Example of a Computer Program

```

program Inflation (Output)
{Assuming annual inflation rates of 7%, 8%, and 10%,...
years};
const
    MaxYears = 10;
var
    Year: 0..MaxYears;
    Factor1, Factor2, Factor3: Real;
begin
    Year := 0;
    Factor1 := 1.0; Factor2 := 1.0; Factor3 := 1.0;
    WriteLn('Year  7% 8% 10%'); WriteLn;

```

```

repeat
  Year := Year + 1;
  Factor1 := Factor1 * 1.07;
  Factor2 := Factor2 * 1.08;
  Factor3 := Factor3 * 1.10;
  WriteLn(Year:5,Factor1:7:3,Factor2:7:3,Factor3:7:3)
until Year = MaxYears
end.

```

(Example from Jensen K., Wirth N. (1991) Pascal user manual and report. Springer, New York)

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$$\psi(u) = \int_o^T \left[\frac{1}{2} (\Lambda_o^{-1}u, u) + N^*(-u) \right] dt . \quad (1)$$

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References

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